

GGH1502

(473034)

October/November 2011

# WORLD ISSUES: A GEOGRAPHICAL PERSPECTIVE

Duration

2 Hours

100 Marks

**EXAMINERS:** 

**FIRST** SECOND

MRS R COETZEE PROF SE MINI

This examination question paper remains the property of the University of South Africa and may not be removed from the examination venue.

This paper consists of 14 pages, including instructions on the use of a mark-reading sheet

## IMPORTANT:

After completing this examination paper, you should hand in the following

one mark-reading sheet for section A (Insert the mark-reading sheet in the front of your examination book.)

- your examination book
- Make sure that your student number and all other required details including the unique number for the examination paper - are written on both your examination book and on the mark-reading sheet. If you are registered for module GGH1502, the unique number is 473034.
- Marks will be allocated as follows
  - section A

40 marks

section B<sup>.</sup>

60 marks

- We recommend that you use the available time as follows
  - Section A (30 multiple-choice questions 30 x 1,22 = 40 marks) 40 minutes. It is therefore of extreme importance that you do not spend too much time on any one of the questions
  - Section B (four questions) 80 minutes
- Read the instructions at the beginning of each section and follow them carefully

### **SECTION A**

#### Instructions

- Answer all the questions.
- Use an HB pencil to mark your answers on the mark-reading sheet
- Remember to enter your student number and the unique number of the examination paper on the mark-reading sheet

#### Questions

- 1 Which two of the following statements are true?
  - (a) The oceans occupy 10% of the earth's surface area and contain 20% of its water
  - (b) The oceans are big enough to dilute pollutants
  - (c) Coastal habitats are increasingly threatened by human activities
  - (d) Oceans play a fundamental role in the functioning of climate
  - (e) Most of the pollutants that end up in the oceans are from point sources

#### The correct combination of alternatives is

- (1) (a) and (c)
- (2) (b) and (d)
- (3) (b) and (e)
- (4) (c) and (d)
- (5) (d) and (e)
- 2 Which two of the following statements about wetlands are false? Wetlands
  - (a) serve as permanent and indestructible water storages
  - (b) have very high biological productivity
  - (c) provide a habitat for plants but not for animals
  - (d) have an impact on the hydrology of catchments
  - (e) function as enormous water filters

## The correct combination of alternatives is

- (1) (a) and (b)
- (2) (a) and (c)
- (3) (a) and (d)
- (4) (b) and (c)
- (5) (c) and (d)

- 3 Which two of the following statements about desertification are true? Desertification
  - (a) occurs only in southern Africa
  - (b) can be reversed by means of appropriate agricultural techniques
  - (c) refers to the inability of the soil to maintain its levels of biomass production
  - (d) is only limited to arid regions of the world
  - (e) is always attributable to natural causes

The correct combination of alternatives is

- (1) (a) and (b)
- (2) (a) and (c)
- (3) (a) and (d)
- (4) (b) and (c)
- (5) (c) and (d)
- 4 Which one of the following pollutants common to coastal waters is non-biodegradable?
  - (1) sewage
  - (2) plastic
  - (3) oil
  - (4) fertilisers
  - (5) domestic waste
- 5 The fragmentation of biological habitats
  - (1) reduces the danger of fire damage
  - (2) reduces the danger of invasion by other species
  - (3) limits the normal dispersion and colonisation of species
  - (4) means that more species can be supported per unit area
  - (5) reduces the risk of species extinction
- 6 Which one of the following biomes is particularly threatened by deforestation?
  - (1) pampas grasslands
  - (2) savannah forest
  - (3) boreal forests
  - (4) tundra forest
  - (5) tropical rainforests
- 7 In which one of the following parts of the world is the collection of fuel wood the prime cause of the degradation of wetlands?
  - (1) developed countries
  - (2) Europe
  - (3) developing countries
  - (4) the USA
  - (5) climatologically moderate parts of the world

[TURN OVER]

- 8 The dumping of waste in the oceans is **problematic** because
  - (1) waste cannot be diluted by the ocean waters
  - (2) there are no conventions that regulate the dumping of waste in the oceans
  - (3) the oceans cover a relatively small part of the earth's surface
  - (4) certain types of waste remain in the ocean waters for several decades and even Millennia
  - (5) it can disrupt ocean currents
- 9 Which **one** of the following waste substances **most commonly** pollutes water in wetlands in developing countries?
  - (1) radioactive material
  - (2) heavy metals
  - (3) industrial chemicals
  - (4) sewage
  - (5) poisonous substances
- 10 Which one of the following statements about biodiversity is true?
  - (1) Natural circumstances can never lead to a loss of biodiversity
  - (2) The removal of a few species from the food chain does not have serious consequences for biodiversity
  - (3) By now, biological science has uncovered all the species that ever lived on Earth
  - (4) Unsustainable institutional systems can promote biodiversity
  - (5) More than half of all species live in the moist tropical forests
- 11 The transformation of arable or habitable land into desert as a result of climate change and destructive land use is referred to as
  - (1) deforestation
  - (2) desertification
  - (3) soil erosion
  - (4) acid rain
- 12 Which tropical rainforest in the southern region of the Sahel was severely impacted upon as a result of an increase in population numbers and agricultural activities?
  - (1) Nigerian tropical rainforest
  - (2) Sahel tropical rainforest
  - (3) Baben Rafi rainforest
  - (4) Ryutaro rainforest

.

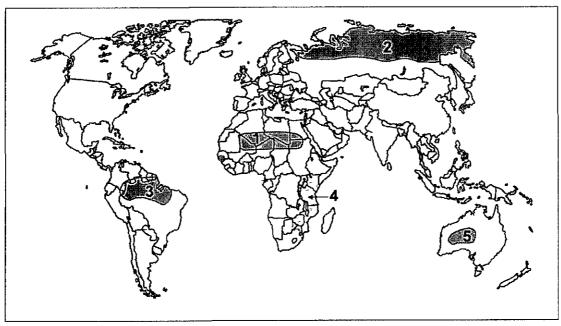


Figure 1 Drought stricken areas

- 13 Which of these regions in Figure 1 would you describe as drought-stricken?
  - (1) 1 and 5
  - (2) 1 and 2
  - (3) 3 and 4
  - (4) 3 and 5
- 14 A freighter leaving a port in the Oakland channel hit the San Francisco Bay Bridge and leaked oil into the Bay Subsequently the oil spill
  - (a) spread to the south due to the influence of the tides, and then also spread to the north and west as a result of the changing of the tides
  - (b) affected San Francisco's coastline from San Pablo beach to Pacifica beach
  - (c) spread to the east due to the influence of the tides
  - (d) affected the coastal shores from Point Rays beach to Pacifica beach
  - (e) spread to the Atlantic Ocean

### The correct combination of alternatives is

- (1) (a) and (b)
- (2) (c) and (d)
- (3) (a) and (d)
- (4) (d) and (e)
- (5) (b), (c) and (e)

- 15 Which **one** of the following statements reflects our current perception regarding our oceans?
  - (1) The dumping of waste is problematic as it disrupts ocean currents
  - (2) Conventions regulating the dumping of waste into the oceans are unnecessary
  - (3) The ocean is huge and can absorb any amount of waste
  - (4) Oceans cover a relatively small part of the earth's surface
- 16 The oceans occupy of the earth's surface and contain of the earth's water
  - (1) 50%, 100%
  - (2) 71%, 97%
  - (3) 97%, 71%
  - (4) 75%, 50%
- 17 Which one of the following statements regarding the world's oceans is correct?
  - (1) The oceans occupy 50% of the earth's surface and contain 50% of the earth's water
  - (2) The oceans play a minor role in the functioning of climate and supply people with little food or other resources
  - (3) Human activities do not threaten coastal habitats such as mangroves and salt marshes.
  - (4) Most ocean pollution is caused by land-based pollution sources
- 18 The Rietvlei Dam rehabilitation programme is a very good example of conservation on a scale
  - (1) global
  - (2) national
  - (3) regional
  - (4) local
- 19 The main importance of the Rietvlei Dam is that it
  - (1) supplies a habitat for a large variety of birds and mammals
  - (2) promotes nature conservation in Pretoria
  - (3) supplies drinking water to the city of Pretoria
  - (4) promotes tourism in the Gauteng Province
- 20 A source of pollution such as an animal feedlot is referred to as a source
  - (1) non-point
  - (2) point
  - (3) defined
  - (4) controlled

- 21 A zone in which the loss of vegetation resources are outweighed by the advantages of a predictable water supply, is referred to as a
  - (1) piosphere
  - (2) biosphere
  - (3) overcultivation
  - (4) hydrosphere
- 22 The Rietvlei Nature Reserve management uses to identify plants and to keep up to date regarding the burning of grassland and the management of the reserve
  - (1) road maps, photographs
  - (2) resource maps, statistics
  - (3) GIS, statistics
  - (4) statistics, photo cadastral map
  - (5) aerial photographs, topographical maps
- 23 Waste is one of South Africa's biggest problems. South Africans generate approximately of litter and of packaging material per year.
  - (1) 200 000 kg, 1,3 million kg
  - (2) 200 000 tonnes, 1,3 million tonnes
  - (3) 100 000 tonnes, 200 000 tonnes
  - (4) 400 000 kg, 5 million tonnes
- 24 An undesirable or superfluous by-product, emission, or residue of or from any process or activity, that has been discarded or has been accumulated or stored for the purpose of discarding or processing it, is defined as
  - (1) cut grass
  - (2) recycled material
  - (3) plastic
  - (4) waste
- 25 In order to reduce waste in South Africa, we need to
  - (1) burn all waste
  - (2) dump the waste into the ocean
  - (3) bury the waste and seal it underground
  - (4) send all waste to a dumping ground in the desert
  - (5) reduce, reuse and recycle

- 26 The waste that we generate ends up in a landfill Which of the following statements regarding landfills and their impact are **true**?
  - (a) The location of a landfill site is associated with social problems
  - (b) Landfill sites are not associated with any groundwater pollution
  - (c) Landfill sites have an economic impact as they are expensive
  - (d) No noise pollution is caused by landfill sites, as most of these sites are not situated near any people

The correct combination of alternatives is

- (1) (a) and (c)
- (2) (a) and (d)
- (3) (b) and (c)
- (4) (c) and (d)
- (5) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

Study the following figures and answer the questions that follow.



Figure 2 Biome

- 27 Which biome is presented in figure 2?
  - (1) fynbos/chaparral
  - (2) savannah
  - (3) desert
  - (4) tundra



Figure 3 Biome

## 28 Which biome is presented in figure 3?

- fynbos/chaparral (1)
- (2) savannah
- (3) (4) desert
- tundra

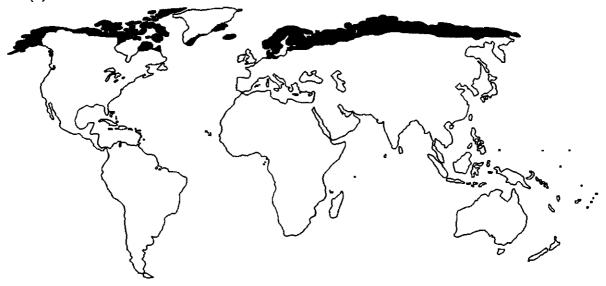


Figure 4 Biome

## 29 Which biome is presented in figure 4?

- fynbos/chaparral (1)
- (2) (3) (4) savannah
- desert
- tundra

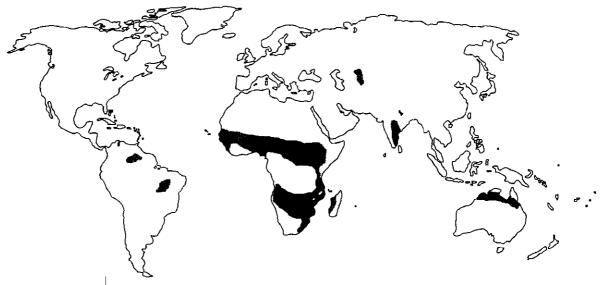


Figure 5 Biome

- 30 Which biome is presented in figure 5?
  - fynbos/chaparral savannah (1)
  - (2)
  - desert (3)
  - (4) tundra

[TOTAL FOR SECTION A: 40]

## **SECTION B**

## **ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS**

## Question 1



Study figures 6 and 7 and then answer the questions below

Figure 6. Biome most affected by human development



Figure 7 Agricultural change in Sumbawa Besar in Indonesia (Bluegum pictures 1995)

1 1 Study **figure 6** and name the countries and type of biome most affected by human development

(4)

1.2 Study figure 7 and explain how this area has been affected by agricultural changes

(1)

1 3 Explain how agricultural changes can lead to losses in biodiversity

(10)

(Length guideline approximately 200 words)

[15]

#### Question 2

Read the following case study and then answer the questions below

## Rietvlei Dam is toxic

The health risk associated with using untreated water from the Rietvlei Dam for domestic, agricultural or recreational purposes could be unacceptably high

According to the report, the **source** of the pollution – wastewater from sewage treatment plants and informal settlements – runs from the catchment area into the stream that enters the Rietvlei Nature Reserve Farms, industries, landfill sites and illegally dumped pesticides are additional main causes of pollution of the Rietvlei Dam

One of the possible sources of chemical residues – especially lindane, an insecticide, and DDT, a pesticide – can be traced to a farm near the reserve. The Kempton Park industrial area is indicated as contributing to the pollution downstream.

The Rietvlei Nature Reserve, which is part of a wetland biome, is not only an urban nature reserve, but accounts for 27% of the Pretoria metropolis' water resources. A report on the quality of the water clearly indicates the negative impact the water could have on the people and environment of Centurion and Pretoria.

This report states that high levels of oestrogen present in the water is one of the main causes for concern, since this could lead to abnormal changes in the reproductive systems of both people and animals. These findings are based on the observation of defects in fish, frogs, snails, mice and eland in the Rietvlei Nature Reserve and the Rietvlei Dam. Effects include an unbalanced sex ratio in catfish, the calcification of testes in eland, and a general reduction in biodiversity.

Classify the impacts associated with the construction of the Maguga Reservoir into the two broad categories, namely environmental impacts and social impacts. Draw a table to illustrate your answer

A possible solution to this problem would be the removal of chemicals and hormones by means of the Rietvlei water treatment facilities, which would render the water safe for use

(Source Adapted from www centurionnews co za/artikel asp?nID=832)

- 2 1 List five sources responsible for the pollution of the Rietvlei Dam wetland (5)
- 2 2 Identify and explain the impacts of pollution on the Rietvlei Dam wetland and surrounding area, and a possible solution to the problem

2.3 Explain the function of wetlands and why the conservation of wetland ecosystems is so important

(Length guideline approximately 200 words)

[15]

(7)

#### **Question 3**

- 3 1 Describe the formation of acid rain and the environmental impacts associated with it (5)
- 3.2 Explain why acid rain is not evenly distributed across the world. Use a basic drawing/sketch to illustrate your answer

  (10)

(Length guideline approximately 200 words)

[15]

### **Question 4**

Study table 1 and then answer the following questions

Table 1: Soil losses for different crops and cultivation practices in the humid zone of North-east Brazil (Middleton 2008)

Crop and cultivation practice	Soil loss (t/ha/year)			
Cotton planted down slope	32			
Cotton planted across-slope	13			
Mixed cotton, maize and beans planted across-slope	24			
Mixed cotton, maize and beans planted across-slope with herbaceous anti-erosion strips	15			
Mixed maize and beans planted across-slope	13			
Beans planted across-slope	12			
Maize planted down slope	10			
Maize planted across-slope	11			
Permanent planted pasture	1			
Bare soil	94			

**[TURN OVER]** 

4 1	Arrange the different crop and cultivation practices in table 1 from the hig lowest value of soil loss per hectare per year				
4 2	Describe the trend that you identified from table 1	(5)			
	•	(2)			
4 3	Explain the impact of humans on soil and how they contribute to soil erosion	(8)			
(Length guideline approximately 200 words)					
		[15]			

[TOTAL FOR SECTION B: 60] [TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100]

© UNISA 2011

## UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AFRICA UNISA **EXAMINATION MARK READING SHEET**



## university of south africa UNIVERSITEIT VAN SUID-AFRIKA

**EKSAMEN-MERKLEESBLAD** 

## PART 1 (GENERAL/ALGEMEEN) DEEL 1

STUDY UNIT a g PSY100-X STUDIE-EENHEID by PSY100 X

PAPER NUMBER VRAESTELNOMMER INITIALS AND SURNAME **VOORLETTERS EN VAN -**

DATE OF EXAMINATION DATUM VAN EKSAMEN -

EXAMINATION CENTRE (E.G. PRETORIA) EKSAMENSENTRUM (BV PRETORIA)

STUDENT NUMBER STUDENTENOMMER τθα τθα τθα τθα τθα τθα τθα τθα c13 c13 c13 c13 c13 c13 c13 c13 c13 c**2: c2: c**2: c2: c2: c2: c2: c2: c2: (4) (4) (4) (5) (5) (5) (6) (6) (6) [3 [3 ] [3 ] 143 143 143 ร์ง เริง เริง เริง c63 c63 c63 c63 c63 c63 c63 c63 c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 c83 c83 c83 c83 c83 c83 c83 c83 [92 [93 [93 [93 [93 [93 [93 [93

UNIQUE PAPER NO 103 103 103 103 103 103 [2] [2] [2] [2] [2] (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (5) (5) ງ ແ3ນ ແ3ນ (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 c73 83 (83 (83 (83 (83 (83 r93 r93 r93 r93 r93 r93

For use by examination invigilator Vir gebruik deur eksamenopsiener

#### IMPORTANT

- 1 USE ONLY AN HB PENCIL TO COMPLETE THIS SHEET
- 2 MARK LIKE THIS 12
- 3 CHECK THAT YOUR INITIALS AND SURNAME HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- 4 ENTER YOUR STUDENT NUMBER FROM LEFT TO RIGHT
- 5 CHECK THAT YOUR STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- 6 CHECK THAT THE UNIQUE NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- CHECK THAT ONLY ONE ANSWER PER OUFSTION HAS BEEN MARKED
- 8 DO NOT FOLD

#### BELANGRIK

- 1 GEBRUIK SLEGS N HB POTLOOD OM HIERDIE BLAD TE VOLTOOI
- 2 MERK AS VOLG 🔫
- 3 KONTROLEER DAT U VOORLETTERS EN VAN REG INGEVUL IS
- 4 VUL U STUDENTENOMMER VAN LINKS NA REGS IN
- KONTROLEER DAT U DIE KORREKTE STUDENTENOMMER VERSTREK HET
- 6 KONTROLEER DAT DIE UNIEKE NOMMER REG INGEVUL IS
- 7 MAAK SEKER DAT NET EEN ALTERNATIEF PER VRAAG GEMERK IS
- 8 MOENIE VOU NIE

## PART 2 (ANSWERS/ANTWOORDE) DEEL 2

ARIZ	(ANSWERS/ANT	WUUKUE	) DEEL Z			}		
1	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	36	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	71	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		106	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
2	r10 r20 r30 r40 r50 🗸	37	c1 3 c2 3 c4 3 c5 3	72	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5] -	. []	107	t1 1 1 2 1 t3 1 t4 2 t5 3
3	r11 r21 r31 r41 r51	38	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	73	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	- ;  -	108	11 12 13 14 15 15
4	r13 r23 r33 r43 r53	39	(13 (23 (3) (4) (5)	74	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	<u> </u>	109	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
5	113 (23 (33 (43 (51	40	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53	75	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	1	110	c13 (23 (33 (43 (53
1	, , , , , ,			}	}			1
6	r10 r20 r30 r40 r50	³ 41	(1 ) (2 ) (3 ) (4 ) (5 )	76	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	'	111	£13 £23 £33 £43 £53
7	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53	42	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53]	77	[13 [23 [33 43 [53		112	£10 £20 £30 £40 £50
8	(10 (20 (30 (40 (50	43	r1 > r2 > r3 > r4 > r5 >	78	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		113	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
9	t11 (2) t31 t41 t51	44	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53]	79	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		114	[13 C23 C31 C43 C53
10	£13 £23 £33 £43 £51	45	(13 (23 (33 (43 (53	80	[1] [2] [3] 43 [5]	3	115	c1 a c2 a c3 a c4 a c5 a
"	,							
11	c10 c20 c30 c40 c50	~ 46	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	81	111121131 42151	<b>.</b>	116	c1 2 c2 2 c3 2 c4 3 c5 2
12	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	47	[1 1 2 2 2 3 2 4 3 5 5 3	82	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		11	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]
13	(4) (2) (3) (4) (5)	48	c1 x c2 x c3 x c4 x c5 x	83	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5	. 1 7	1	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
14	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	49	t1	84	(1) (2) (2) (4) (5)		T	t13 t23 t3) t43 t53
15	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	50	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	85	c ( ) c ( ) 3	<b>1</b> 4 .	12	[13 [23 [33 [43 [52
		i	-			_   '		
16	c1	51	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		3 [23 [342 [53		121	[12 [22 [33 [43 [52
17	[13 [2] [3] [4] [5]	52	[1] [2] [3] [4] [4]	8	r23 r33 r43 r53		122	c13 c23 c33 c43 c5
18	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53	53	r12 r22 r34 42 52	88	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		123	r13 r23 r33 r43 r53
19	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	54	25 31 41 1	89	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53		124	c13 c23 c33 c43 c5
20	[13 t21 t31 t41 t51		3 (23 3 3 3 6)	90	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	1	125	c1 2 c2 2 c3 2 c4 2 c5 3
					_ 1			
21	t 1 a t 2 a t 3 a 4 a t 5 a	156	173 123 133 143 153	91	c1		126	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
22	r11 r21 r31 h	TI TI	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	92	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		127	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53]
23	[1] [2] [3] [4] [	58	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	93	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		128	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53]
24	r13 r23 r33 r453	59	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	94	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		129	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53
25	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	60	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	95	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	-	130	[10 [20 [30 [40 [50]
		_		1	-40045-	}		542 502 502 542 55
26	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53	61	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	96	[1] [2] [3] 4] [5]		131	c1 2 c2 2 c3 2 c4 2 c5 2
27	r 1 3 r 2 3 r 3 3 r 4 3 r 5 3	62	13 123 133 143 153	97	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		132 133	c1 = c2 = c3 = c4 = c5 =
28	c1	63	£11 £21 £31 £41 £50	98	[1] [2] [3] 4] [5] ( [1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		134	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
29	r11 r21 r31 r41 r51	64	c1 = c2 = c3 = c4 = c5 =	99 100	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		135	11 12 13 14 15 1
30	£13 £23 £33 £43 £53	65	13 123 133 143 153	100	1 1 1 2 1 2 3 1 4 3 1 2 3 1	١ .	133	111121131141131
-		60	:13 :23 :33 :43 :53	101	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		136	c1
31	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	66	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	102	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		137	(13 (2) (3) (4) (5)
32	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	67 68	13 123 133 143 153	102	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		138	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)
33	(11 (2) (3) (4) (5)	69	[13 [23 [33 [43 [53]	103	[13 [23 [33 [43 [5]		139	c1
34 35	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	70	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	105	(13 (23 (33 (43 (63		140	110 120 130 140 151
33	(11 (2) (3) (4) (3)	10	-12 -21 -32 -42 -631	100	-1- 121 131 141 131	با ر	.70	